

NEW MOVE TO END CHINA'S CIVIL WAR

Third Party Mediators' Compromise Formula

Gap Between Nationalist And Communist Terms Too Wide

Shanghai, Oct. 22 (UP).—Third Party members now in Nanking are trying to persuade the Government and the Communists to put aside their respective demands and find a solution on the basis of the set of four principles which third party members formulated prior to their Nanking trip, it was learned to-day.

The four principles are (1) Conditional issuance of cease-fire orders; (2) cessation of hostilities on all fronts to be arranged locally; (3) formation of truce teams by members of the Political Consultative Council to supervise and arrange a truce; (4) when the question of reorganization of the government is solved in principle, all parties to participate in the government as well as the National Assembly.

Third party mediators consider the gap between the Government and Communist terms at present too wide apart and fear that talks on those bases would be hopeless and long drawn out, while there will be danger of renewed nationwide civil war.

Sources close to third party leaders indicated that the four-point compromise plan was studied at yesterday's preliminary talks when third party members met Government officials in Nanking.

Meanwhile, the Nationalist troops lifted the Communist siege of Shiao, 50 miles south of Peiping, while the Nationalists inside the encircled Hopei provincial capital were rallying out to counter-attack the Communists in co-ordination with Gen. Sun Lien-chung's reinforcements, moving down from Peiping, the Hsin Min Pao reported to-day.

Observers believe that the Government is making supreme efforts to recover all lost areas before the issuance of the cease-fire order which is expected shortly. The Communists in the Peiping area are said to be retreating toward Mancheng, 11 miles north-west of Peiping, while heavy fighting is reported in Tachow, north of Peiping.

Meanwhile, fighting in the centre of the Communists North Kiangsu pocket was reported to be continuing unabated with the Nationalists apparently attempting to capture more Communist bases before peace talks were resumed.

Latest reports said the Nationalists captured Fuan, 13 miles south of Tungal, while another Nationalist column was advancing on Anfeng, 21 miles north-west of Tungal. Heavy casualties were reported on both sides.

Nationalist Successes
Nanking, Oct. 21.—Government troops recovered the north-western Honan town of Tsyuan this morning from the Communists, states a report reaching here to-night. Tsyuan is 60 miles north-west of Chengchow.

The report added that the Communists who were attacking Tcheng-hsien, 80 miles north of Chengchow, have been flung back with heavy losses in men and equipment and were retreating towards the southern Shansi border.

Pushing further north-west after occupying Chingfeng, 170 kilometres north-east of Chengchow, Government troops were last night reported inside Fushan, 80 kilometres north-east of Chengchow.

Military reports received here to-night disclose Government's recovery from the Communists of Fungcheng and Hsinshu, 65 and 60 kilometres respectively north-east of Nanking. Chingcheng and Shunshu, 67 and 65 kilometres respectively north-east of Nanking, near the Grand Canal.

Racing southward from Keopetien along the northern section of the Peiping-Hankow Railway, Government troops fought their way into the railway town of Tingling and completed its occupation by this morning. Tingling is just 35 miles north-east of Peiping.

Ten miles north-west of Tingling on the west side of the railway, Government troops have recovered Lishui—Central News.

Greek Cabinet Members Hand In Resignations

Athens, Oct. 21.—All members of the Greek Government to-day handed their resignations to the Prime Minister Constantin Tsaldaris to enable him to negotiate with leaders of the Parliamentary Opposition for an eventual broadening of the Cabinet.

Mr. Tsaldaris was expecting the return from Paris of Mr. Venizelos, the leader of the Liberal Republican party, to initiate conversations. Mr. Venizelos was a member of the Prime Minister's delegation to the peace conference.

Meanwhile, another Reuter report from Athens states that gendarmes opened fire with machine-guns, rifles and tommy-guns in a fierce nine-hour battle against "mountain rebels" at Vrontu, a village at the

YORK TRANSPORT PLANE CRASH

London, Oct. 21.—A list of the casualties which occurred when a York aircraft of the RAF Transport Command crashed yesterday shortly after taking off from Dum Dum, Calcutta, was issued by the Air Ministry to-night. The passengers killed were: Group Captain G. H. Foss, S/Ldr the Rev. I. W. M. Taylor, S/Ldr the Rev. A. J. Hepburn. Passengers seriously injured: W/Cdr W. E. Hall, P/Lieut R. A. Forley. The rest of the crew were uninjured. Three other passengers and four members of the crew were slightly injured and four passengers and two members of the crew escaped injury.—Reuter.

foot of Mount Olympus yesterday, according to reports reaching Athens. The rebels, who are said to have lost 22 killed and over 50 wounded, withdrew when they realised they were being outflanked.

The gendarmes, commanded by Col. Tsalou, commander of the Macedonian gendarmerie, lost five killed and eleven wounded, it was reported. The fighting was described as "heavy".

Five Greek soldiers were killed and five wounded when armed men ambushed a Greek Army regiment on the road between Salonika and Kalkidike in Southern Macedonia.—Reuter.

Arms-Carrying Penalty
Athens, Oct. 20.—The Minister of Justice, Mr. Hatzipanagos, drafted a law providing life imprisonment for those found in possession of British military equipment and for those buying, selling or accepting such equipment.—Reuter.

St Mary Le Bow Among Churches To Be Restored

London, Oct. 21 (UP).—The Bishop of London's Commission to-night recommended that 11 bomb-blitzed churches in the City be restored and the sites of five others sold to finance the project.

Bishop J. W. C. Wood said the final report would not be carried out probably for two years, presumably because of the widespread demands that first priority in manpower and materials be given to homes for Britain's homeless families.

The Commission rejected a plan to leave open spaces, which many organisations had hoped would be used for city parks.

The report said the sites must be sold to finance restoration work and the building of new churches.

Among the churches recommended for restoration was St Mary Le Bow in the Cheapside district. According to London legend, a person is not a true Cockney unless born within sound of the church bells.



Vice-Admiral Sir Denis Boyd, Commander-in-Chief, British Pacific Fleet, greeting Admiral Kwei-Yung-ching, Deputy Commander of the Chinese Navy, on the flagship HMS Belfast at Nanking during his recent tour of Chinese and Japanese ports.—Official Navy Picture.

PART OF CEYLON DEFENCE ARMY CALLED OUT

Colombo, Oct. 21 (UP).—The Acting Governor, Sir John Howard issued a special proclamation to-day calling out a part of the defence army as a precaution in view of the grave situation resulting from strikes.

Stones and bottles are being thrown at buses and the telephone circuits are reported cut in the provincial area.

Grave-diggers are the latest workers to strike. They ceased work to-day and emergency labour forces have been pressed into service to bury the dead.

The general labour situation continues grave as steel-helmeted soldiers line the city's streets and patrol from guard posts established at strategic points.

American Airline Pilots Strike For Higher Wages

Washington, Oct. 21.—About 1,100 Trans-world Airline pilots came out on strike to-day, saying that this was the "last resource" for settling a year-old wage dispute.

Their Union spokesman predicted a complete paralysis of both foreign and domestic lines of the company.

Informed British aviation observers in London say there is little likelihood of British trans-Atlantic pilots coming out on strike in sympathy with their American colleagues.

The British Airline Pilots' Association has approached the British Overseas Airways Corporation for further increases in pay, but it is stated to be no question of a strike.

It is stated in Washington that American airline pilots are demanding \$3,800 yearly for men flying 20 hours weekly in four-engine planes.

At the moment, the highest paid trans-Atlantic pilots on British Overseas Airways get \$2,750 a year. Besides these pay rates, which would be increased if the Corporation acceded to the latest request from the pilots' union, the men have a substantial pensions scheme, which enables them to retire at 45.

TWA has announced the cancellation of all flights, adds United Press. Skymaster pilots are asking for \$1,187 instead of the present \$750.

At New York, where negotiations were shifted following the collapse in the government-sponsored discussion, only two issues held up agreement: between shipping unions and Gulf port operators. The Government conciliator reported the "first real break". Both sides were optimistic about early settlement.

The Pittsburgh power strike came to an end yesterday when Union leaders agreed to arbitration of the disputed issues and workers immediately began returning to their

Govt Defeated In Lords On Health Bill Clauses

London, Oct. 21.—The Government was defeated twice to-night in the House of Lords where the Opposition have an overwhelming majority. Defeats occurred on the committee stage of the National Health Bill, which, among other things, puts all hospitals under State ownership.

In the Bill's passage through the House of Commons the Conservatives had criticised arrangements for the management of hospitals, and to-night in the House of Lords they carried two amendments against the Government, first by 50 votes to 17 and second by 35 to 15. The amendments seek to make a Hospital Management Committee under the State scheme liable in certain circumstances to be used and also to have certain powers of health services in the London area dealt with separately.

The Government will now have to consider whether they will compromise on points or not.—Reuter.

Jobs, while power supplies in the area rose as the 25-day-old walk-out was called off. The company put on double shifts in order to restore normal supplies to the 1,500,000 persons in the 817-square-mile area.

Indefinite continuation for the 21-day-old Columbus, Ohio, street-car tie-up appeared in prospect after the Columbus and Southern Ohio Electric Company rejected the wage increase recommended by the five-man citizens' committee.

The company, however, offered to submit the issue to arbitration.

At Springfield, Illinois, a mass picketing demonstration around the Sangamon armaments plant was broken up by State police while sheriff's deputies intervened in a fist fight between members of the AFL union. The picket broke from a dispute over which union was entitled to do armaments work at the plant.

TUC Leader Calls For Revision Of Trade Union Practices

UNAUTHORISED STRIKES CONDEMNED

Brighton, Oct. 21.—Mr. Charles Dukes, General Secretary of the powerful General Municipal Workers Union and this year's President of the Trade Union Congress, made British trade union history to-day with his presidential address delivered to 800 delegates of 192 unions in the opening session of the Congress here.

For the first time, a president of the Trade Union Congress called on the movement to take active responsibility for industrial efficiency, to use the opportunity now given to develop workers' participation in the conduct of industry, to adopt its wages policy in negotiating methods to new conditions and to re-consider restrictive trade union practices, which had been adopted in a different age when the fear of unemployment was still paramount.

His views were given added weight by the manner in which they were received by the Congress.

Even if it is realised that there may still be opposition when resolutions about productivity and workers' participation in the conduct of industry, are introduced, there is no doubt that Mr. Dukes' address will have a favourable reaction.

On the "closed shop" line, too, the President took a firm line, defending the right of any union to initiate a hundred per cent organisation in every workshop, where it is strong enough, but deprecating the idea of forcing rival unions out of business by what he called "head-on collision".

In one vital passage, Mr. Dukes said: "Traditional trade union practice constrained us to drive the hard-pressed bargain with employers and to impose many restrictive measures to protect workers' interests against the evils of unemployment and prevent unscrupulous exploitation of the most skilled and efficient worker against the lesser skilled."

Closer Association
I suggest that in the new situation resulting from socialist legislation and closer association of unions with each other, the unions will have to reconsider their attitude towards many of these restrictive methods and to assume responsibility in connection with the control and management of industry that we have considered hitherto to be beyond our province."

He said management should "try to play off one union against another and to encourage non-unionism as playing a dangerous game."

A bigger problem, he said, was the existence of organisations outside the affiliations of the TUC, but he believed that the jurisdiction difficulties arising from this could be solved by a closer relationship with industrial statesmanship without a head-on collision between TUC unions and non-affiliated unions.

He condemned unauthorised strikes and conflicts arising out of inter-union relations, and told delegates that every responsible trade union official and loyal member should be able to see the danger. "There have been extenuating circumstances in some cases but no extenuation justified the deliberate incitement of bodies of workers to break union rules."

He called for renewal of the war effort in solving the post-war problems of production and employment. He complained that Britain was not making full use of its productive forces and declared that full employment would aid materially in ending the problem of shortages that beset Britain at every turn.

The "Revolution"
Lord Citrine, better known as Sir Walter Citrine and for nearly 25 years General Secretary of the Trade Union Congress, told the conference that a revolution has taken place in British thinking workers' rights to consultation and participation in the conduct of industry.

"The revolution," he said, "had been silent, but 'some day the full significance of it will be understood'."

Lord Citrine, who resigned his post as TUC General Secretary to become a member of the Board running the nationalised coal industry, spoke with deep emotion and at times appeared to be almost on the verge of tears.

"The authority of the TUC in the industrial sphere of organised workers is now not unchallenged but unchallengeable," he said. "We have passed from the era of propaganda to one of responsibility. This Congress represents the Parliament of Labour."

Lord Citrine was presented by the Chairman with the gold badge of the Congress.—Reuter.

Impossible To Lift Singapore Moratorium

London, Oct. 21.—"It is not possible to lift the moratorium," said Mr. Creech Jones, Colonial Secretary in the House of Commons, during his reply to Sir Waldron Smithers, (Cons.) who asked the Colonial Secretary if he would take steps so that mortgages in Singapore can demand or recover mortgage interest due since the Japanese surrender.

Mr. Creech Jones said "The demands for interest on mortgages entered 'into prior' to the date of the liberation of Singapore cannot be enforced at present owing to the moratorium and until legislation has been enacted dealing with the valuation of transactions during the period of Japanese occupation, some of which may have related to these mortgages. It is not possible to lift the moratorium."

"The question of the introduction of a legislation is at present under consideration by the Governor of Singapore, but I will ask him to consider whether it would be desirable or possible, meanwhile, to lift the moratorium in cases where no action was taken during the Japanese occupation which in any way affected the particular mortgages."

Passages Refused
Sir Waldron asked why, in view of the inability of Mr. W. L. Burton, a former civilian internee, to return to Singapore, further details of which had been sent to him, passage money amounting to £203 paid by Mr. Burton had not been refunded to him.

Mr. Creech Jones replied that there was clearly some misunderstanding already been referred to Mr. Burton's former employer, the understanding that they had provided him with a passage.

"I am taking up the matter with the Governor of Singapore with a view to clearing it up," Mr. Creech Jones added.

Mr. Evelyn Walkden, calling for a statement about shipping delays at (Continued on Page 4)

UNRRA Embargo On Shipments To China Eased

Washington, Oct. 21 (UP).—The Director General of UNRRA, Mr. Floriano La Guardia, announced that due to the great improvement in the rate of distribution of supplies from China's ports, the present embargo on shipments to China has been held in abeyance to the extent of permitting sailings on call from China in accordance with the capacity of ports of destination in China.

Mr. La Guardia said ships would move as soon as the present labour disputes made it possible.

He said his information on the improvement in the rate of distribution from China's ports came from Gen. Joseph H. Macioni, Director of UNRRA's China Office.

The announcement, which was only a few words long, did not elaborate or give any details of plans.

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THE LITTLE WHITE HOUSE AS ROOSEVELT MEMORIAL

THE Little White House, the green-and-white cottage in Warm Springs, Georgia, where President Franklin D. Roosevelt lived happily and died, will become a state-owned national shrine, if plans of a newly-appointed Roosevelt Memorial Commission work out.

The commission, authorized by the Georgia legislature, was appointed by Governor Ellis Arnall to plan a fitting memorial to the late President who found in the warm pine hills at Warm Springs another home and healing help for his infantile paralysis.

The legislature appropriated \$200,000 for the project, said he hoped the Little White House site can be dedicated to the State by the National Foundation for Infantile Paralysis. Mr. Basil O'Connor, chairman of the Foundation and former law partner of the late President, has been asked to serve as honorary chairman of Georgia's memorial commission.

To-day, the Little White House—a near pine cottage designed after the presidential mansion in Washington—stands lonesomely in the woods unchanged since Mr. Roosevelt's death in April, 1945.

Tourists still trickle by steadily, but a caretaker keeps them outside

the white fence enclosing the grounds. There is no charge and visitors may register. Except for a few postcards sold by the caretaker, there are no souvenirs.

The infantile Paralysis Foundation, whose medical centre is only a mile away through the woods, inspects the cottage regularly and fumigates it against pests and insects.

But no visitors have been allowed inside, and the premises are being kept as they were until plans are completed for the shrine.

Governor Arnall said the State Commission would plan another memorial if Georgia could not obtain the Little White House.

The main road through Warm Springs to Columbus, Ga., already has been designated the Roosevelt Memorial Highway. It passes the foundation entrance, and is connected by an unpaved road with the Little White House.

Social Democrats Victory In Berlin Elections

Berlin, Oct. 21 (UP).—As the anti-Communist section of the Berlin press proclaimed their satisfaction and the Communist paper remained silent, new details of the victory of the Independent Socialist Party (SPD) in Berlin's first post-war elections were disclosed to-day.

The latest tabulations and voting breakdown showed the SPD had:

1. Led the voting in each of the city's 20 boroughs, securing clear majorities in seven in the four-party races;
2. Trounced the Communist-controlled Socialist Unity Party (SED) on the latter's home ground in the Soviet sector by 85,000 votes;
3. Registered a majority of votes in the other sectors of the city.

Won an estimated 64 seats on the 130-member city council.

The following are the final official figures:

The Independent Social Democrats (SPD) 948,743; Christian Democratic Union (CDU) 431,919; Socialist Unity Party (SED) 383,182; Liberal Democratic Party (LDP) 182,097.

Only very minor adjustments to this total to be reached by recounts are expected, according to the official announcement.

Yugo-Slavia Not Bound By Frontier Decisions

Belgrade, Oct. 20. (UP).—The Yugo-Slav Vice-Premier, M. Edvard Kardelj, head of the Yugo-Slav delegation to the Paris peace conference, on his return to Yugo-Slavia, said to-day that Yugo-Slavia would not be bound by any decisions affecting Yugo-Slavia's frontiers nor decisions reached at the last conference session.

San Francisco Air Link With Orient's Principal Cities

San Francisco, Oct. 21 (UP).—The Pan-American Airways clipper "Westward Ho!" will take off tonight on a 24,000-mile survey flight to blaze a new aerial trail between San Francisco and the principal cities of the Orient.

The company says it will be pointed towards eventually linking the Pacific with Atlantic airlines in the first globe-circling air service.

Carrying experts of the company and government representatives, the huge clipper will survey routes to Japan, China, India, Ceylon, Malaya, Burma, Java and India. The route will be to Tokyo via Honolulu, Midway, Wake, Guam and then Shanghai, Canton and Calcutta where the Pacific division clipper will make a world link with the Atlantic division.

The clipper will then fly to Rangoon, Bangkok, Saigon, Singapore and Batavia and return to San Francisco via Manila in 85 days.

Pan-American expects to start regular flights to the Orient as soon as the U.S. Government negotiates for landing rights.

MILLIONAIRES TELLS THIEVES JEWELS ARE IN BANK VAULTS

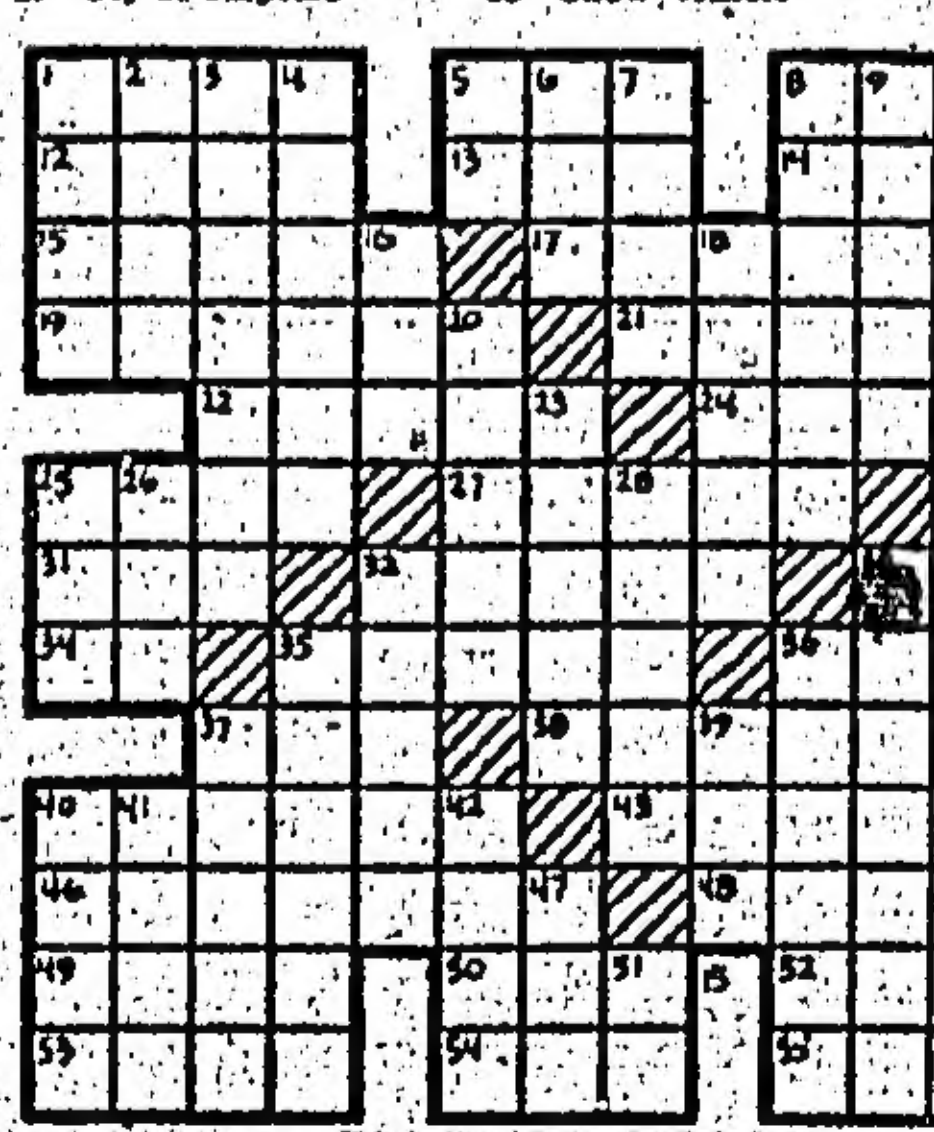
London, Oct. 21 (UP).—Millionaire Mrs. Philip Hill asked London newspapers to-day to inform all thieves that she had sent her jewellery to the bank prior to her departure this week on a three-month trip to South Africa.

Robbed four times in two years, of a total of £10,000, Mrs. Hill believed thieves had pinpointed the movements of victims—including the Duchess of Windsor—by reading the society columns.

Crossword Puzzle

ANSWER PREVIOUS PUZZLE

- ACROSS:
- 1—Pact
 - 2—Diamond
 - 3—Lentil
 - 4—Fisherman's
 - 5—Ragdoll
 - 6—Little miter
 - 7—Island of
 - 8—Islands
 - 9—Examinations
 - 10—Pancake
 - 11—Kind of bed
 - 12—Aboard-minded
 - 13—Person
 - 14—Dialer
 - 15—Eye detail
 - 16—Military base
 - 17—Pounder of USSR
 - 18—City of surprise



According To Culbertson

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Reading the opening lead and acting on the correct interpretation were the ingredients of success in to-day's deal.

South dealer.

Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH

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Jane Carr, well-known as singer and actress in many of the British Broadcasting Corporation's overseas programmes.

Wasting no time, Jane Carr began her radio career in her school holidays when she took her Teddy Bear and toy monkey to the BBC's Newcastle studio and asked if she could go on the air. She could make her animal very funny, she said. When they commented that it was a pity they were not real she replied that they were to her. She was allowed to have a try at the microphone, and that started a regular weekly broadcast with Jane Carr describing the adventures of Teddy and Chimpsey.

Incidentally, she still has them and they are her greatest friends.

That led to her deciding on the stage as a career, and on leaving school she joined the Newcastle and later the Highbury Theatre. She was one of the original broadcasting "White Cammies" in four units, which are bolted together. Floors, doors and skirting are of timber, and the wall is lined with plaster board.

When the Government order for 54,000 aluminium houses is completed next August, a beginning will be made with aluminium school buildings.

Progress In Britain

"For new permanent housing alone local authorities in Great Britain already have some 200,000 houses in tenders approved," said Alderman Key, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Health, at the annual conference in London recently of the Institute of Housing.

"If to these," he went on, "are added the permanent prefabricated houses, the temporary houses, the houses for which licences have been issued and the war-damaged houses to be rebuilt, the total figure, in contracts already placed is well over 430,000."

"This does not include the conversion or adaptation of existing premises, or the repair of houses severely damaged during the war."

Alderman Key described the Minister of Health's "Finish the Houses" campaign to finish by the end of the year 30,000 Council houses already up to a level plus as large a number as possible plus a great task but a realistic one. He added: "The Minister's campaign is concerned with something tangible, with particular houses which all can see. They will not be the only completed new houses. Already there are 44,500 temporary houses finished in England and Wales, and many more will come on in the latter part of the year."

The vast addition being made to the number of houses in public ownership was only the beginning of an expansion of house property ownership by local authorities which would grow in the coming years.

"It is of the utmost importance," said Alderman Key, "that new recruits should be attracted to housing management, and that they should be given the best available training. Big opportunities exist for co-operation with the Institute of Housing, and other training bodies for providing this trained personnel. Great steps forward in the field of practical training have been made during the past year."

JAVA RICE FOR INDIANS

Batavia, Oct. 21.—Mr. K. L. Panjabi, the representative here of the India government, announced this morning that India had acquired a loan from the British-Indian Agency of 200 trucks and 54 lighters which will be placed at the disposal of the Indonesian Republic for the transportation of rice from the interior of Java to the ports and ships bound for hungry India.

Mr. Panjabi said India had already supplied 3,000,000 yards of textiles, 3,000 cycles, tyres and tubes, to the Indonesian Republic, and plans to send an additional 700,000 yards of textiles and 7,000 tyres and tubes and 24,000 agricultural implements at present being loaded in Calcutta, as part of the barter deal for Javanese rice.

The India representative's announcement was the latest development in the bizarre economic situation which finds the unrecognised Indonesian Republic carrying official commercial relations with other nations.—Reuter.

MELBOURNE TRANSPORT WORKERS ON STRIKE

San Francisco, Oct. 21 (UP).—Radio Australia reported that Melbourne to-day is tied up by transport workers' strikes which threaten gas and meat supplies.

Half a million people were forced to walk to work to-day when 32,000 transport workers struck, halting all Government-owned railroads throughout the state of Victoria.

The waterfront walk-out prevented the unloading of coal for making gas. The cancellation of livestock trains out of the metropolitan meat supply. All foundries shut down on Thursday when 15,000 workers downed tools. All the strikes are for higher wages.

China Facing Critical Coal Shortage

China, with its principal coal mines operating at less than 25 per cent capacity, faces a critical shortage of fuel for what is forecast to be one of the most severe winters in many years, says United Press.

North China, traditional coal bin of China, already is in the grip of a coal famine which has sent prices skyrocketing even in advance of the cold weather.

Before the war, North China's coal production exceeded 1,000,000 tons monthly from mines in Jehol, Hopei, and Shantung provinces alone. The Wushan mines produced in excess of 500,000 tons monthly and 400,000 tons was the average monthly output of the Kailan mines. The Fushung mines produced another 400,000 tons, and the pits at Chinchin another 200,000.

Since the end of hostilities, China's civil strife has disrupted both the production of the mines and the transportation of the nation's coal to such centres of consumption as Shanghai, Tientsin and Peking.

Only the Kailan mines, which have not been seriously affected by China's civil strife, have attained something approaching pre-war output. Its miners are working 75 per cent of their pre-war man-hours capacity, and the mines are turning out 11,000 tons of coal daily as compared to 15,000 tons daily pre-war. All other mines in North China are down to a bare 10 per cent of pre-war capacity.

The following table illustrates what has happened to China's coal production:

| Mine | Pre-war daily production in tons | Present working daily production in tons | Hourly ratio |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|--------------|
| Wushan | 18,000 | 13,000 | 72 pct |
| Kailan | 15,000 | 11,000 | 73 pct |
| Fushung | 15,000 | 11,000 | 73 pct |
| Palpao | 7,000 | 5,000 | 71 pct |
| Chinchin | 2,000 | 1,500 | 75 pct |

It was explained that the once-valuable Chinchin mines have been completely closed down, because they are located so close to the fighting zones of Hopei that most coal miners have been recruited for military training for self defence. The rest are reported to have fled.

New Lease Of Life For Paraplegics

Civilian paraplegics, hopelessly bedridden for years, have hope for a new lease on life from treatment technique developed during the war.

These tragic cases of paralysis of the lower half of the body through severe injury or disease of the spinal cord formerly were regarded as incurable. To-day, as a result of collaborative studies between Canadian and United States authorities, paraplegics are driving cars and going to work.

Canada's new treatment of paraplegia, developed by Dr. Wilfrid Pilling, British Pensions Minister, visiting Canada to study Canadian methods of treating war disabilities. He paid tribute to the work he had seen in Canadian hospitals and said he had picked up some useful tips in paraplegic treatment.

Until recently the new treatments were confined to the Servicemen's Authority has, however, now been granted for treatment of a limited number of civilian paraplegics.

Strepptomycin. Recently, a group of medical research men have done considerable work with the new drug, streptomycin, on the kidney infections which frequently arise from paraplegia.

This drug has greatly extended the life expectancy of the paraplegic.

Also, in consultation with United States authorities, a new concept of treatment has been built up. Through special drug therapy, exercises and use of braces or other appliances, the victims now can walk, or go about with the aid of special devices.

Here are a few examples: A former RCAF officer whose crash resulted in permanent paraplegia, is planning a legal career in Edmonton, Canada, after he leaves the hospital.

An ex-corporal aged 27, drives a car with special controls and plans a career of switchboard work coupled with typewriting.

An ex-air force officer has his own poultry-raising business in Nova Scotia.

Another paraplegic drives his own car and is banking on his pre-war grain farming experience to go into partnership with his brother in a farming deal in British Columbia. He plans to drive farm machinery and supervise and plan the work of a large farm.—Reuter.

AUSTRIAN RATIONS

Vienna, Oct. 21 (UP).—The Austrian Government announced to-day that decreased food supplies from foreign relief missions had forced a three per cent cut in the daily rations for the next period, reducing the daily salary rate to just over 100.

At the same time, the Food Minister, Joseph Kraus, charged that the Russian occupation forces were jeopardizing Austrian food distribution plans in the Russian-occupied province of Burgenland. He said local Red Army commanders and Communists encouraged peasants to sell less than 50 per cent of their autumn harvest to the Austrian authorities.

NANCY So the Boss Bought a Book



By Ernie Bushmiller



...and the work of a large farm.—Reuter.

Arab-Jew Stirrings In North Africa Now

(By GEORGE GRILAVES)

TANGIER, in common with other Moslem centres in the neighbouring French and Spanish zones of the Moroccan Empire, is becoming the centre of Nationalist intrigue for an independent Morocco.

The Nationalist Arab leaders have been spurred on by recent events in India, Egypt, and the Philippines and by the faith they have in the Atlantic Charter.

They were encouraged to believe that the Atlantic Charter was no empty myth, particularly as Moroccan Goum troops had fought so courageously in the Allied cause.

In French Morocco there have been no important demonstrations since the early part of 1944 when the French suppressed sympathetic assemblies in Rabat and Fez, holy city of Morocco, using Lense-Lend tanks and guns.

Nevertheless, the Nationalist underground independence movement is known to be gaining force. Arab Nationalist leaders affirm that a secret meeting took place recently in Madrid between the highest French Moroccan and Spanish Moroccan authorities, at which a possible change in the present reigning Moroccan dynasty was discussed.

This involved, they say, the replacement of the present sultan by more pliable royal rulers.

Mass Demonstrations

In Spanish Morocco the Nationalist movement, headed by the wealthy Abdel Jalik Torres, has staged mass demonstrations in the last few weeks to such effect that the Spanish High Commissioner, General Varela, immediately set out a goodwill political tour, paying particular attention to the Rif regions, home of the tribes who are the backbone of General Franco's Moorish legions.

The International Zone of Tangier has a Moorish population of only a few thousand, but because of its international character, it has an uncensored Press and freedom of speech.

In both the French and the Spanish zones there is a rigid censorship. The Moroccan Nationalist Unity Party have now set up their own printing press in Tangier, and publish a weekly newspaper in Arabic and French called the Voice of Morocco.

Articles appear attacking the Spanish High Commissioner, General Varela, and the French Resident, General Elrik Labonne, and their regimes.

In addition to demanding their independence, the Arabs have other reasons for discontent.

They wish to elect their own representatives to the international legislative assembly at Tangier.

They want to stop the increasing of Arab women by the Customs at the zone frontier. Police in making these searches violate Moslem religious principles.

They also want low places of entertainment removed from the neighbourhood of mosques.

They desire equal pay for equal work with Europeans, a better administration of poor relief, and the stopping of wholesale immigration from Central Europe.

They say that the number of Jews arriving daily will soon create another Palestinian situation here.

No Animosity

There has been not the slightest animosity towards the British or the Americans, or even to the arrival of the British frigate St. Bride's Bay, which came from Gibraltar with troops as a precautionary measure for the protection of British property during recent demonstrations in Tangier.

The giant aircraft carrier Roosevelt, with her destroyer escorts, was welcomed enthusiastically on all sides, and tension was dissipated for the time being.

Tangier not only has its Moorish Nationalists, but there has suddenly arisen a Jewish organization resembling the Palestine Hagana Resistance Group.

One night last month hundreds of pamphlets were pushed under doors of local Jewish homes ordering them to attend a clandestine meeting at a lonely spot just outside the city. About a hundred Jews gathered two hours after midnight, only to learn that their plans had been discovered by the International Police, who swooped down on them.

The majority escaped in the darkness, but more than 20 arrests were made.

A Jewish spokesman declares that the object of the meeting was to recruit volunteers to fight against the British in Palestine. It is doubtful whether the police can charge them under any existing Tangier laws.

Nevertheless, in spite of Arab mass meetings and Jewish clandestine gatherings, Tangier remains a sunshine paradise where the shops overflow with food and drinks, highly priced, but without coupons or queues, or restrictions of any sort.

G.B.S. AND GOERING

London, Oct. 21 (UP).—George Bernard Shaw, in a letter to the editor of The Times today, ridiculed the theory that Goering's suicidal escape from the hangman's noose "was a defeat for the Nuremberg Tribunal and the victorious Powers."

G.B.S. wrote: "One would suppose that his evasion of the rope threatened us with a third world war. Had the matter been in my hands I should have supplied all the condemned men with a liberal amount of morphine tablets and given them every opportunity of sparing us the disgusting job of hanging them."

Hess Regains Memory

Nuremberg, Oct. 21 (UP).—Col. Burton C. Andrus, commandant of Nuremberg Prison, said today that Rudolf Hess was displaying "keen alert memory" when he seems to enjoy "showing off."

It will be recalled that prison psychiatrists testified at the trial that

ROYAL NAVY WINS SAILING REGATTA

Berlin, Oct. 21 (UP).—British seamen swept to victory over the United States and France in the two-day Inter-Allied sailing regatta here on Saturday and Sunday, it was announced today.

The British took four first places, the United States three and France one.

Forty sailing craft participated in the events held on Grosser Wannsee.

although Hess was legally sane he was a victim of almost total amnesia. They said he was unable to remember even Hitler or the war "except under some sudden shock."

Hess, Col. Andrus continued, was in good humor and was presumably continuing his drafting of the plans for a Fourth Reich "as with Goering's death Hess is now the No. 1 prisoner."

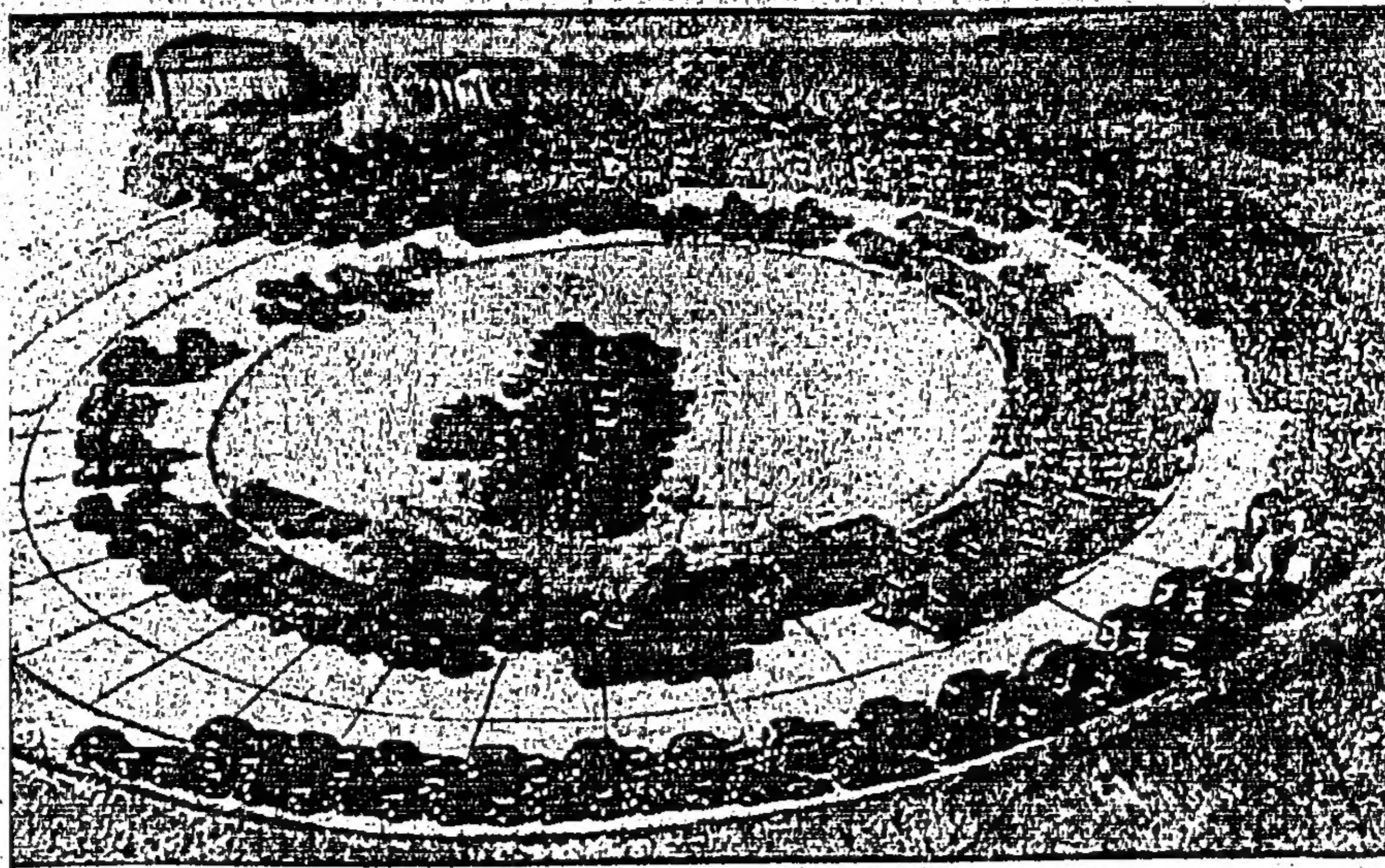
SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith



"Fine spot you picked for a vacation, father, without a young man in the place. Nothing but fish and people sailing in the bay around for you!"

NEWEST QUEUE IS CIRCULAR



Variation in the queue system is seen in this air picture. New cars and lorries off the production line are stored in the open, from one to six deep, on a circular test track. They are outside the Vauxhall factory at Luton, waiting for their final finish.

The firm's target this year is 60,000 vehicles but interruptions in the supply of equipment caused this, and other parking places to become jammed. The equipment position is now improving.

Ex-Servicemen Buy London Theatre

There enterprising ex-Service actors who served in Central Mediterranean Force have just bought a London theatre for the express purpose of staging interesting new plays.

This is the Torch theatre, at Hyde Park Corner, and their first production which opened on September 25, was "All this is ended" whose author is Jack Alldridge, who was serving in the CME last year.

This play had its premiere at the Bellini Theatre, Naples, with an all-Service cast, shortly after VE-Day, and then toured Army units in Italy and Greece. It has an "it mustn't happen again" theme. All the characters are soldiers newly dead. The young and weak is sent back to earth, but he is no reformer and is concerned with his girl and her unborn baby to the exclusion of everything else. It has been hailed as World War II's "Journey's End."

Earlier this year, it was broadcast on the BBC, and then had a three weeks run at the Granville Theatre, Waltham Green. Then followed a provincial tour which included Glasgow, Edinburgh, and Manchester, the home City of Jack Alldridge, now a journalist on the Manchester Evening News.

Three of those connected with the management, which is to be known as the Cardinal Theatre Unit, appeared in the original production. They were the Capt. Hector Ross (who put up a grand performance in a difficult part), David Lambert (producer) and Geoffrey Gomer, the latter has had a six months' spell as a BBC news reader since leaving the Army.

These three, who intend to employ when ever possible ex-service actors, aim to uphold the finest traditions of the theatre and to give a chance to promising new authors.

CORRESPONDENCE

The Puzzle of Eire

(To the Editor, H.K. Telegraph)

Sir,—I shall be glad if you will permit space in order to reply to your correspondent "Brian Boru."

Mr. Eamon De Valera's stand during World War II has widened the breach between the North and the South. By his neutrality force he deprived the Allies of valuable bases necessary to fight the U-boat menace. Had he joined Great Britain and the Allies, I feel sure a united Ireland would have been possible.

Ulster, on the other hand, stood firmly by Great Britain and many thousands of Ulstermen rallied to her aid. Ulster also supplied Britain with bases for the Atlantic Patrols, built ships, provided training ground for over one million Americans for the invasion of the Continent, and many aerodromes were built in the six counties. On the declaration of war in 1939, and the introduction of conscription, practically all British Irishmen of military age, but fit for home, and what a scramble it was, I was quite all right for them to accept good British money in peacetime but when it came to a question of fighting for her, it was another matter.

Conscription was refused to Ulster on the protest from Mr. De Valera as this would prevent his satellites from filling vacancies in Ulster caused by the enlistment of Ulstermen.

Regarding "Brian Boru's" reference to King William—sure he was a Dutchman. "Brian Boru" must admit that the name De Valera is not exactly Irish. It was a good day for Britain when King "Billy" kicked King James in the pants in 1690; had he not done so, Great Britain would not have had the opportunity of utilizing the "Eire" in Ulster, which were so essential in World War II.

As regards the "intruders" in Northern Ireland, they will stick as long as the "Eire" in Ulster.

WELSH NEWSLETTER

(By J. Griffiths Jones)

Another highly successful Welsh Industries Fair—the second within four months—was held in Cardiff this week. Once again all previous attendance records were surpassed. Queues half a mile long formed at the entrance almost daily. On Saturday, the final day, a thousand or more people failed to get in.

There were "queues," too, weeks before the Fair opened, for places to exhibit. Only 70 firms could be accommodated in the biggest hall available in Cardiff but as at the first post-war exhibition held last May many would-be exhibitors had to be disappointed.

This, of course, is evidence of the new vitality of Welsh industries. Although these exhibitions organised by the National Development Council of Wales are intended to show how we are now beginning to balance our industrial production in earnest, developing more and more light industries alongside the old traditional enterprises—the products of the new factories inevitably are most prominent in this national "shop window."

The reason is obvious. These brand new industrial concerns are already numbered by the scores. They are springing up in all parts of Wales. They are turning out a wide variety of goods, and naturally the manufacturers are eager to display their products and build up all the business they can get for the future. Then, of course, public interest is at fever pitch in these times. Many of the things that people have done without for years—clothing, nylon stockings, household utensils and house fittings, furniture, even sweets and biscuits to some extent—are now in exciting quantities. And all these goods are being made now in South Wales, on our people's own workshops and by our own workers.

It is disappointing, of course, especially for long-suffering women to discover that most of the goods exhibited are reserved, largely for export. Thousands are still unable to understand with an ever-increasing flow of consumer goods coming from Welsh factories why there are not more of them on sale at Welsh shops. And the answer still is that Britain which includes Wales must restore its shattered credit in overseas countries.

Obvious consolation There is obvious consolation in the fact that increased production even for the foreign market means more employment in Wales. The increased spread-out of wages and the upping of the people's savings so that they will be able to buy freely when more goods are at last released for home consumption. Actually more goods are finding their way into the home shops every month now. A proportion of most of the products turned out at the new Welsh factories is sold in the home market. Naturally, as still more new factories set going there will be an increasing flow of Welsh goods into the Welsh shops.

Meanwhile the Development Council is doing a fine job in calling continuous attention to the expanding range of our production. I told you in a previous letter how new orders were placed at the exhibition last May. The new business will not reach that encouraging figure this time. But buyers from all parts of Britain and from foreign countries too, again attended this second Fair. They couldn't order machinery and heavy products on this occasion because the emphasis is on lighter goods. This was the exhibition of the smaller firms. But they made hay all right. Many orders ranging in value from £2,000 to £10,000 were placed. The little firms were busy for the next year, at least fulfilling these contracts. It is very doubtful whether the majority of these bookings would have been secured if instead of the goods being advertised in advance and displayed in this way they had been left in the factories to wait a chance to be sold.

As regards the Welsh industries, the fair was a success. It showed that the Welsh industries are now beginning to balance our industrial production in earnest.

Death Of Chandra Bose Established

Singapore, Oct. 21.—It is now established beyond doubt that Subhas Chandra Bose, the Indian National Army leader, died in 1945 according to a communiqué issued to-day by the Public Relations Office of the Malayan Union.

The statement said that this conclusion was reached after very thorough investigation had been conducted in Tokyo at the request of the Supreme Allied Commander South-east Asia to establish the precise details of the circumstances surrounding his reported death.

A United Kingdom Liaison Mission in Japan conducted the investigations, and it confirmed, as certain that Bose died in Taihoku hospital after an air crash on August 18, 1945.

The cause of death was given as heart failure resulting from multiple burns.

Six persons were interrogated at different times and their accounts of the events agree both in substance and detail and all points where knowledge of the subjects could have been deemed to be based on common experience. The possibility of a pre-arranged fabrication must be excluded since most of the individuals concerned had no opportunity to contact one another before the interrogation.

Azad Hind Day—the third anniversary of the formation of the provisional government of Free India by Bose—was celebrated here to-day.

Thousands of Indians assembled at an open-air massed rally where Mr. J. A. Thivy, chairman of the Malayan Indian Congress and former Minister of the Azad Hind Government made a speech asking for unity of the Indian peoples in Malaya. He criticised the constitutional changes being effected in Malaya and the method by which they were being introduced.

Resolutions were passed at the rally urging the Governments of the Malayan Union and Singapore to introduce legislation for the abolition of the sale of toddy in Malaya and also to take vigorous steps against illicit distillation of liquor.—Reuter.

U.S. Loans To Italy And Austria Decision Deferred

Washington, Oct. 21.—Italy's request for a \$100,000,000 American loan is "hanging fire," pending the final settlement of the reparations clauses of the Italian peace treaty by the Council of Foreign Ministers, officials of the Import-Export Bank disclosed here to-day.

Similarly, the officials said the Austrian request for a \$50,000,000 loan to take the place of UNRRA aid next year is unlikely to receive a final decision until the Foreign Minister's meeting show the size of reparations demands. In the Austrian peace treaty and the Russian "economic drain" on Austria's resources can be lessened by negotiation.

A report that both loans were in the "final stage" of consideration and about to be approved were described as "decidedly premature."—Reuter.

is available.—The Royal Agricultural Hall at Westminster—the exhibition will be three or four times bigger than anything so far staged in Wales. It should prove a truly national display presenting a full picture of all Wales can manufacture, and business should boom, and employment in Wales with it.

Here are some personal news items in brief. Bombardier William Roberts, of Gelli Rhondda, severely wounded in Germany has had his shattered leg completely restored by plastic surgery. Joseph, Synodist of Pontypridd, ex-jockey aged 31 is sailing for Palm Beach, Florida, where he will settle with his son, Dr. Rees Griffiths, Moderator for Wales of the Congregational Union, and for 11 years pastor of Ebenezer Church, Cardiff, has died in his 61st year. Mr. W. Owen, director of education, Ministry is to be education officer for North Rhine-Westphalia region of the British zone in Germany, at a salary of £1,000 a year. Young Gibson, Cardiff City right winger, got a £1,000 bonus when he was named as the League's best player against Swindon.

TO-DAY ONLY

QUEEN'S

7.15 & 9.15 p.m. At 2.30, 5.15.

THEY GET ALONG LIKE DYNAMITE and a BLOW TORCH!

EDWARD SMALL presents

BRIAN DONLEVY
MIRIAM HOPKINS
PRESTON FOSTER

A Gentleman AFTER DARK

Harold Huber Philip Reed Gloria Holden Douglas Dumbrille Sharon Douglas Bill Henry

Opening To-morrow! "TO THE SHORES OF TRIPOLI" In Technicolor with John PAYNE—Maureen O'HARA—Randolph SCOTT A 20th Century-Fox Picture

ORIENTAL

SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.15—7.30—9.30 p.m. IT'S BOCKING THE SCREEN WITH ROARS AND ROARS! THE GREATEST RIOT IN YEARS AND YEARS!

THRILLS THAT "JINGLE, JANGLE, JINGLE"

THE FOREST RANGERS

McMURRAY GODDARD HAYWARD

NEXT CHANGE: "GYPSY WILD CAT"

TO-DAY & TO-MORROW

GATHAY

WANCHAI ROAD WANCHAI

7.15 & 9.15 p.m.

FIRST SHOWING IN COLONY

DRAMA... ACTION... THRILLS... A FAST-MOVING STORY OF A DARING ADVENTURES IN A LAWLESS LAND BILL CODY and His Great Arabian Horse in

"BLAZING JUSTICE"

NEXT CHANGE: "MARRIAGE ON ICE"

KING'S THEATRE

CHARLES BOYER INGRID BERGMAN JOSEPH WOLLEN

Gaslight

COMING!

GREATEST FRONTIER SAGA SINCE "CIMARRON!"

BADMAN'S TERRITORY

RANDOLPH SCOTT ANN RICHARDS GEORGE GABBY HAYES

WATCH FOR IT!

THE METALS MARKET

Decontrol of Steel May Cause Price Increases

New York, Oct. 19.—The New York Metals Market weekly review is as follows:

Steel: In connection with possible early decontrol, the steel industry believes that such action would undoubtedly cause some steel prices to move higher. However, should the industry continue the present high rate of production for the best four to six months, it is thought that supply would be sufficient to level off prices at reasonable levels.

Aluminum: The Civilian Production Administration is expected to issue a formal export directive shortly, covering the initial 50,000 tons for shipment abroad for the first quarter.

Copper: The decline in export price to 17.50 cents is believed to be temporary and it is reported that 17.50 cents is anticipated.

Spelter: The export market was quiet due to the temporary lack of metal. Meanwhile, the price remains firm at 10.25 cents f.a.s. Gulf Ports.

MAJESTIC

TODAY ONLY At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 p.m. Filmed from "BROADWAY"

sensational stage hit



SHIRLEY TEMPLE

TO-MORROW By Special Request!

TARZAN'S

NEW YORK ADVENTURE

STATUE OF CHIANG

Shanghai, Oct. 21.—A bronze statue of President Chiang Kai-shek will be erected on the compound in front of the Great World Amusement Centre, at the intersection of Chungking Road and Tibet Road, instead of in Chungking Park as was previously decided. It was reported yesterday at a meeting for the celebration of President Chiang's birthday in the Great World Amusement Centre.

